Coalition For Prisoners' Rights Newsletter

Vol. 37-u, No. 10

PO Box 1911, Santa Fe NM 87504-1911

October 2012

The Better News is:

Too Cruel, Not Unusual Enough

The Other Death Penalty Project announces its new book, Too Cruel, Not Unusual Enough, an anthology of writings by life without parole prisoners and others depicting why life without parole is the death penalty. The anthology is the culmination of two years of work by the Project, including conducting a nationwide writing contest.

All proceeds from book sales will support the ongoing work of The Other Death Penalty Project. Interested incarcerated people can contact us at: The Other Death Penalty Project, PO Box 1486, Lancaster CA 93584. Its also available through Amazon.com in Jan 2013

Opportunity for Parole

In September, governor Brown of California signed a bill allowing juveniles with a sentence of Life Without the Possibility of Parole (JLWOP) allowing reconsideration of their sentences after a minimum of 15 years. Judges could then reduce the sentence to 25 years-to-life if remorse is shown and steps toward rehabilitation are found.

There are currently 309 people doing life-without-parole sentences in California for murders they are convicted of committing when they were younger than 18.

California is one of 39 states that allow judges to impose JLWOP sentences. More than 2,570 people are currently doing JLWOP sentences in the U.S.

Re Shackling Those Pregnant

Also in September, governor Brown signed a bill that bans the most egregious forms of shackling of pregnant women in California's state prisons, juvenile detention facilities and county jails. As of January 1, 2013, no such woman can be shackled around the belly, ankles or handcuffed behind her back during her pregnancy.

Resource Legal Services for Prisoners with Children, 1540 Market, SF CA 94102

The Graying Prison Population

As we know, the United States has the highest incarceration rate in the world, with more than 2.2 million people jammed into its prisons and jails. As of 2010, state and federal prisons caged more than 26,000 people 65 and older and over 125,000 aged 55 and up. From 1995 to 2010, when the U.S. prison population grew 42%, the number of prisoners over 55 grew at nearly seven times that rate. Long term incarceration is said to add 10 years to a persons physical age. Today, roughly 1 in 12, or 8% of state and federal prisoners is 55 or older.

It is estimated that by 2030, the over -55 group will number more than 400,000-about a third of the overall prison population. One in ten state prisoners nowadays is a lifer and about the same proportion of federal prisoners over 50 are doing 30 to life. This will result in more than 100,000 prisoners currently estimated to die in prison. Yet, for example, 65% of the older prisoners are sentenced for nonviolent acts. By age 50, arrest rates drop to 2%, in contrast to the arrest rates for 16-19 year olds of around 12%.

Each prisoner over 50 costs the taxpayer an average of \$68,000 per year, twice as much as it costs for younger incarcerated people. Which come to a total of \$16 billion. For what? And the older the prisoner, the greater the average cost. In addition, as we know, prison facilities are not designed for people with mobility problems. The few available activities are open only to people who can walk long hallways or climb stairs.

To compound the ironies, older prisoners are resources for each other, but often, the prison systems do not allow those imprisoned to help each other....

Resources

ACLU: National Prison Project, 125 Broad St--18th floor, New York NY 10004, 212-549-2500

Human Rights Watch: 350 5th Ave--34th floor, New York NY 10118, 212-736-1300

EL mundo ya no es digno

--por Javier Sicilia poeta de México

El mundo ya no es digno de la palabra

nos la ahogaron adentro

como te asfixiaron, como te desgarraron
 a ti los pulmones...

y el dolor no se me aparta

sólo queda un mundo

por el silencio de los justos,

sólo por tu silencio, y por mi silencio, Juanelo.

[quando se mataron a su hijo, otro victima de la guerra de drogas]

To receive the Newsletter each month, send us self-addressed, stamped envelopes (with the CPR return address) --up to 12 at one time.

Please continue to send us address changes and renewal requests, in order to receive the yearly holiday card/ new calendar.

Also, please note that the *only* address to use to be sure to reach us continues to be: PO Box 1911, Santa Fe NM 87504. And remember: NONE OF US ARE LAWYERS OR LEGAL WORKERS.

Many, many thanks to the Real Cost of Prisons Project for making our Newsletter available on-line for free downloading and distribution. It is at: http.www.realcostofprisonsproject.org/coalition.html This is a GREAT site!

We continue to depend on our readers' financial contributions to be able to go on with our work. Stamps, checks, and money orders made out to us should be sent to our address above. Thank you so much for your ongoing support!

"We are so far over the edge and so far beyond any reality of participatory democracy....We are a plutocracy owned and operated by a tiny corporate elite and their right-wing soldiers.... Unfortunately, the choice for voters in November is not between good and bad. Not even between bad and worse. It is simply a choice between which expression of the corporatocracy and war machine we will choose." --In "Hospitality," a publication of The Open Door Community, 910 Ponce de Leon NE, Atlanta GA 30306.

MORE SOLITARY

By Age

A 141--page report entitled Growing Up Locked Down: Youth in Solitary Confinement in Jails and Prisons Across the United States has recently been released by the ACLU and Human Rights Watch (HRW). It calls for a ban on solitary confinement for young people; a prohibition on housing adolescents with adults; and limits on the amount of time youths can be isolated.

The report estimates that in 2011, more than 95,000 youths under age 18 were held in prisons and jails. Many of the facilities use solitary confinement -- for days, weeks, months or even year-to punish, "protect," house or "treat" some of the young people. It further states: "We should invest in youth, not banish them." Instead of, "the deep and permanent harm it causes to kids caught up in the adult criminal justice system." Nearly 100,000 youth under the age of 18 pass through adult prisons and jails annually. The overall rate of solitary confinement in U.S. prisons is thought to be between 3% and %5--those underage maybe isolated at even higher rates than adults.

By Geography

Nearly 4,500 prisoners in New York State are held in segregated housing on any given day, about half in solitary confinement and half in cells with another prisoner -- according to a recent New York Civil Liberties Union report, entitled Boxed In, The True Cost of Extreme Isolation in New York's Prisons. From 2007 to 2011, New York issued more than 68,100 classifications to isolation for violations of prison rules, averaging five months each. There were 35,095 sent to isolation for failure to obey an order, 6,019 for loss or destruction of state property, 4,008 for failing to follow movement regulations and 3,788 for lying, misleading or false information. Of these, 3,151 were double celled, out of a total of 4,286 in disciplinary confinement.

Most of the men end up at either Upstate Correctional Facility in Malone, near the Canadian border or Southport Correctional Facility, in Pine City. Both of these prisons are dedicated entirely to isolation cells.

At the beginning of October, there were a total of 54,537 New York State prisoners. New York State spends an average of \$60,000 per year per prisoner or \$2.7 billion total annually.